



Configuration examples for the D-Link NetDefend Firewall series

DFL-210/800/1600/2500

Scenario: How to configure L2TP and PPTP

servers for remote users with PPPoE v1.01

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Overview

In this document, the notation *Objects->Address book* means that in the tree on the left side of the screen **Objects** first should be clicked (expanded) and then **Address Book**.

Most of the examples in this document are adapted for the DFL-800. The same settings can easily be used for all other models in the series. The only difference is the names of the interfaces. Since the DFL-1600 and DFL-2500 has more than one lan interface, the lan interfaces are named lan1, lan2 and lan3 not just lan.

The screenshots in this document is from firmware version 2.11.02. If you are using an earlier version of the firmware, the screenshots may not be identical to what you see on your browser. To prevent existing settings to interfere with the settings in these guides, reset the firewall to factory defaults before starting.

How to configure L2TP and PPTP servers for remote users when firewall is using PPPOE

In this scenario the firewall is connected to ISP. The connection to the first ISP is using a PPPoE client on the WAN1 interface provides a **PPTP server** for remote user on the WAN1 interface. The PPTP server uses MPPE encryption.



1. Addresses

Go to Objects -> Address book -> InterfaceAddresses. Edit the following items: Change lan_ip to 192.168.1.1 Change lannet to 192.168.1.0/24

Go to	Objects	-> Address	book.
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Add a new Address Folder called **IPPools**.

In the new folder, add a new IP4 Host/Network: Name: pptp-ippool IP Address: 192.168.1.10-192.168.1.19

Click Ok

2. PPPoE client

Go to Interfaces -> PPPoE Tunnels.

Add a new PPPoE Tunnel.

In the General tab:

General:

🔊 General		
A PPPoE interfa	ice is a PPP (point-	-to-point protocol) tunnel over an existing physical Ethernet interface. Its
Name:	PPPoEClient	
Physical Interface:	wan1	~
Remote Network:	all-nets	~
Service Name:		

Name: **PPPoEClient** Physical Interface: **wan1** Remote Network: **all-nets**

🛱 🗝 📁 Objects	
🖻 🙀 Address Book	
🙀 InterfaceAddresses	

Authentication:

Username:	dlink
Password:	****
Confirm Password:	****

Username: dlink (For Example) Password: dlink Confirm Password: dlink

Click Ok.

3. PPTP Server

Go to Interfaces -> L2TP/PPTP Servers.

Add a new L2TP/PPTP Server:

In the General tab:

Name:	PPTPServer	
Inner IP Address:	lan_ip	*
Tunnel Protocol:	РРТР	*
Outer Interface Filter:	any	*
Server IP:	ip_PPPoEClient	~

General:

Name: **PPTPServer**

Inner IP Address: lan_ip

Tunnel Protocol: PPTP

Outer Interface Filter: any

Server IP: **ip_PPPoEClient** (This is the IP that remote users will connect to, in this case the IP the firewall is assigned to by the PPPoE service)

In the PPP Parameters tab: *IP Pool:* IP Pool: pptp_ippool

In the Add Route tab: Allowed Networks: all-nets

Click Ok.

Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption (MPPE):

In this example we will use the default settings. If higher security is wanted, disable all MPPE options except RC4 128 bit (which gives best security).

4. User database

Go to User Authentication -> Local User Databases.

Add a new Local Userdatabase called RemoteUsers.

In the new database, add a new User:

General: Name: User Password: User Confirm Password: User *Note: Passwords should be chosen wisely so that they cannot be guessed or easily hacked.

5. User Authentication Rules

Go to User Authentication -> User Authentication Rules.

Add a new User Authentication Rule:

In the General tab:

射 General			
The User Authen	tication Ruleset specit	ïes fro	m where users are allowed to authenticate to the system, and I
Name:	PPTPUARule		
Agent:	PPP	*	
Authentication Source:	Local	*	
Interface:	PPTPServer	*	
Originator IP:	all-nets	*	() For XAuth and PPP, this is the tunnel originator IP.
Terminator IP:	ip_PPPoEClient	*	

General:

Name: PPTPUARule Agent: PPP Authentication Source: Local Interface: PPTPServer Originator IP: all-nets Terminator IP: ip_PPPoEClient

In the Authentication Options tab.

General:

Local User DB: RemoteUsers

Click Ok.

Per-user PPTP/L2TP IP Configuration:

Static Client IP Address could be used to give the remote user an own IP. In this example we will use an IP pool to assign IP addresses to the users.

Click Ok.

6. Dynamic DNS

Go to System -> Misc. Clients.

Add a new DynDNSClientDynDNS.Org:

In the General tab:

DNSName:	dlinktest.dyndns.org	eg: test.dyndns.org
Username:	dlink	
Password:	•••••	
Confirm Password:	•••••	

DNSName: dlinktest.dyndns.org Username: dlink Password: dlink Confirm Password: dlink

Click Ok.

Go to System ->DNS

Date and Time

Primary Server: pppoe_dns1

Click Ok.

Primary Server:	pppoe_dns1	*
Secondary Server:	(None)	*
Tertiary Server:	(None)	*

7. Rules

Go to *Rules -> IP Rules*:

Add a new IP Rule Folder called RemoteSites.

In the new folder, add a new IP Rule:

In the General Tab:

General:

約 General			
ጰ An II	P rule specifies what	t action	to perform on network traffic that matches the specified filter criteria.
•			
Name:	FromPPTPClient	s	
Action:	Allow	*	
Service:	all_services	*	
Schedule:	(None)	~	

Name: FromPPTPClients Action: Allow Service: all_services

Address Filter:

	Source		Destination	
Interface:	PPTPServer	*	lan	*
Network:	pptp-ippool	*	lannet	*

Source interface: **PPTPServer** Source network: **pptp-ippool** Destination interface: **lan** Destination network: **lannet**

Click Ok.

Save and activate the configuration.